SKYLINE INVESTMENTS INC. Condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2023

(Unaudited)

Condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended

June 30, 2023

(Unaudited)

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A Review Report of the Independent Auditor to the shareholders of **Skyline Investments Inc.**

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying financial information of **Skyline Investments Inc.** the Company and subsidiaries (hereafter- "the Company") which includes the condensed consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income (loss), comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the periods of six and three months then ended. The board of directors and management are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and they are also responsible for the preparation of this interim financial information in accordance with Chapter D of Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports) - 1970. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Review Standard (Israel) 2410 of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants in Israel "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Israel and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the abovementioned financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

In addition to the statements in the previous paragraph, based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the abovementioned financial information does not comply, in all material respects, with the disclosure requirements of Chapter D of the Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports) - 1970.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our conclusion above, we refer the attention to Note 1b which details, among other, Company's liabilities and cash flow needs, including obligation to repay bonds (series B) in July 2024 in the amount of \$ 50 million Canadian Dollars, and management's and the board's plans. Based on the analysis of debt repayment dates made by the Company, the alternatives and available sources, the Company's board of directors and management are of the opinion that the Company will repay it's liabilities when they come due.

Brightman Almagor Zohar & Co.
Certified Public Accountants
A Firm in the Deloitte Global Network

Haifa, August 23, 2023.

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Condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

			As at	
		June	e 30,	December 31,
	Note	2023	2022	2022
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		13,692	40,607	19,503
Trade receivables, other receivables and prepayments		20,433	16,727	20,695
Inventories		722	767 6 170	1,102
Real estate inventory		8,267	6,170	6,694
Loans to purchasers		2,252 1,960	2,883	1,848 1,618
Restricted bank deposits		47,326	3,215 70,369	51,460
Non-current assets		47,320	70,309	31,400
Financial derivative		4,418		4,160
Investment properties	6	13,846	12,642	13,046
Property, plant and equipment	7	410,258	357,792	401,506
Loans to purchasers	•	83,036	92,099	89,084
Other non-current assets		2,794	13,710	3,238
Other investments measured at fair value through profit or loss		32,700	26,140	36,880
Restricted bank deposits		12,381	8,804	9,973
'		559,433	511,187	557,887
Total assets		606,759	581,556	609,347
Current liabilities				
Loans payable	8	6,186	51,210	26,786
Bonds	O	3,743	3,633	3,828
Trade payables		6,650	5,430	5,832
Other payables and credit balances		37,014	21,252	22,427
Deferred revenue		5,113	4,442	4,626
		58,706	85,967	63,499
Non-current liabilities				
Loans payable	8	196,569	124,505	167,402
Bonds		39,692	42,332	42,474
Other liabilities		2,489	133	2,648
Deferred tax liabilities		14,234	19,027	17,358
		252,984	185,997	229,882
Total liabilities		311,690	271,964	293,381
		<u> </u>		200,001
Equity				
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company		258,601	278,933	280,458
Non-controlling interest		36,468	30,659	35,508
		295,069	309,592	315,966
Total liabilities and equity		606,759	581,556	609,347

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the board of directors:

"Shimshon Marfogel"	"Blake Lyon"	"Neha Kapelus"	August 23, 2023
Shimshon Marfogel	Blake Lyon	Neha Kapelus	Date
Chairman	CEO	VP Finance	

Condensed interim consolidated statements of income (loss)

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

		Six Months Ended June 30,		ix Months Ended Three Months Ended June 30, June 30,		Year Ended December 31,
_	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Revenue						
Income from hotels and resorts	9	66,847	62,849	32,370	30,826	132,130
Sale of residential real estate		4	1,321		1,054	1,570
		66,851	64,170	32,370	31,880	133,700
Expenses and costs						
Operating expenses from hotels and resorts		(56,478)	(49,353)	(27,830)	(25,541)	(104,595)
Cost of sales of residential real estate		(22)	(1,414)	(10)	(1,097)	(1,033)
		(56,500)	(50,767)	(27,840)	(26,638)	(105,628)
		10,351	13,403	4,530	5,242	28,072
Selling and marketing expenses		_	(78)	_	(53)	(80)
Administrative and general expenses		(4,416)	(3,732)	(2,414)	(1,784)	(8,265)
Operating income before depreciation, valua	tion					
adjustments and other income		5,935	9,593	2,116	3,405	19,727
Impairment of real estate properties		(900)	_	_	_	_
Depreciation		(7,598)	(6,883)	(3,767)	(3,441)	(14,409)
Gain from fair value adjustments of investme Gain (loss) from fair value adjustments of final		1,013	533	983	533	497
instruments, net		(4,180)	(2,558)	(4,180)	(1,986)	8,261
Capital losses, net, and other gains (expense	es), net	(3,140)	(394)	(510)	(269)	(526)
Net income (loss) from operations		(8,870)	291	(5,358)	(1,758)	13,550
Financial expense	10	(14,906)	(6,787)	(8,783)	(4,715)	(18,583)
Financial income		2,379	2,498	1,180	1,234	4,963
Net income (loss) before income taxes		(21,397)	(3,998)	(12,961)	(5,239)	(70)
Income tax recovery (expense)	11	2,041	(1,089)	639	(528)	(1,955)
Net income (loss) for the period		(19,356)	(5,087)	(12,322)	(5,767)	(2,025)
Attributable to:						
Shareholders of the Company		(16,030)	(4,530)	(10,574)	(5,532)	(1,549)
Non-controlling interest		(3,326)	(557)	(1,748)	(235)	(476)
		(19,356)	(5,087)	(12,322)	(5,767)	(2,025)
Earnings per share:						
Basic		(0.97)	(0.27)	(0.64)	(0.33)	(0.09)
Diluted		(0.97)	(0.27)	(0.64)	(0.33)	(0.09)

Condensed interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Mont	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Net income (loss) for the period	(19,356)	(5,087)	(12,322)	(5,767)	(2,025)
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income (loss):					
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment, before					
income taxes	(3,788)	19,323	(5,228)	19,139	5,487
Taxes income (expense)	965	(4,472)	717	(4,421)	(1,345)
	(2,823)	14,851	(4,511)	14,718	4,142
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income (loss):	, ,		, ,		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(4,708)	2,787	(4,530)	5,117	13,005
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of taxes					
	(7,531)	17,638	(9,041)	19,835	17,147
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of taxes	(26,887)	12,551	(21,363)	14,068	15,122
tunos					
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company	(21,863)	13,098	(16,927)	13,980	14,610
Non-controlling interest	(5,024)	(547)	(4,436)	88	512
	(26,887)	12,551	(21,363)	14,068	15,122

Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in equity

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company									
	Share capital and premium	Treasury shares	Related party surplus	Revaluation surplus	Share based compensation surplus	Foreign exchange translation	Retained earnings	Attributable to shareholders of the Company	Non- controlling interest	Total Equity
For the six months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)										
Balance at the beginning of the period	79,867	(433)	125	45,166	706	12,453	142,574	280,458	35,508	315,966
Net loss for the period		_					(16,030)	(16,030)	(3,326)	(19,356)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period				(1,757)		(4,076)		(5,833)	(1,698)	(7,531)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period				(1,757)		(4,076)	(16,030)	(21,863)	(5,024)	(26,887)
Transfer upon recognition of depreciation	_	_	_	(627)	_	_	627	_	_	_
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	_			_	_	_	_	_	5,984	5,984
Recognition of share-based payment	_	_	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	6
Transfer upon expiration and exercise	321				(321)					
Balance at the end of the period	80,188	(433)	125	42,782	391	8,377	127,171	258,601	36,468	295,069
For the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)										
Balance at the beginning of the period	79,867		125	42,189	674	713	142,681	266,249	30,827	297,076
Net income (loss) for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,530)	(4,530)	(557)	(5,087)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period				15,135		2,493		17,628	10	17,638
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period				15,135		2,493	(4,530)	13,098	(547)	12,551
Transfer upon recognition of depreciation	_	_	_	(634)	_	_	634	_	_	_
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	379	379
Repurchase of shares	_	(433)	_	_	_	_		(433)	_	(433)
Recognition of share-based payment					19			19		19
Balance at the end of the period	79,867	(433)	125	56,690	693	3,206	138,785	278,933	30,659	309,592

Recognition of share-based payment

Balance at the end of the year

Repurchase of shares

Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in equity

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company									
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Related party	Revaluation surplus	Share based compensation surplus	Foreign exchange translation	Retained earnings	Attributable to shareholders of the Company	Non- controlling interest	Total Equity
For the three months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudite	ed)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	· ·	•		· · · · ·		<u>-</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period	80,188	(433)	125	45,487	388	12,301	137,469	275,525	36,118	311,643
Net loss for the period							(10,574)		(1,748)	(12,322)
Other comprehensive income for the period	_		_	(2,429)	_	(3,924)		(6,353)	(2,688)	(9,041)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period				(2,429)		(3,924)	(10,574)	(16,927)	(4,436)	(21,363)
Transfer upon recognition of depreciation				(276)			276			
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	_		_	_	_		_	_	4,786	4,786
Recognition of share-based payment	_		_		3	_	_	3	<i>.</i>	3
Balance at the end of the period	80,188	(433)	125	42,782	391	8,377	127,171	258,601	36,468	295,069
For the three months ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudite	ed)									
Balance at the beginning of the period	79,867		125	42,041	686	(1,342)	144,002	265,379	30,192	295,571
Net income for the period	_	_		_	_	_	(5,532)	(5,532)	(235)	(5,767)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period				14,964		4,548		19,512	323	19,835
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	_	_	14,964	_	4,548	(5,532)	13,980	88	14,068
Transfer upon recognition of depreciation				(315)			315			
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	379	379
Repurchase of shares	_	(433)	_		_		_	(433)	_	(433)
Recognition of share-based payment					7			7		7
Balance at the end of the period	79,867	(433)	125	56,690	693	3,206	138,785	278,933	30,659	309,592
For the year ended December 31, 2022 (Audited)										
Balance at the beginning of the year	79,867		125	42,189	674	713	142,681	266,249	30,827	297,076
Net loss for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,549)	(1,549)	(476)	(2,025)
Other comprehensive income for the period				4,419		11,740		16,159	988	17,147
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period			<u> </u>	4,419		11,740	(1,549)	14,610	512	15,122
Transfer upon recognition of depreciation				(1,442)			1,442			
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	4,169	4,169

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

79,867

125

45,166

(433)

(433)

32

706

12,453

142,574

32

(433)

315,966

32

35,508

(433)

280,458

Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Year ended December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Operating activities					
Net income (loss) for the period Adjustments for:	(19,356)	(5,087)	(12,322)	(5,767)	(2,025)
Depreciation and amortization (Gain) loss from fair value adjustments on	9,563	7,249	4,127	3,670	15,353
investment properties and financial instruments Capital loss, net	3,167 3,964	2,025 —	3,197 —	1,453 —	(8,758) 4
Finance costs from bonds including foreign exchara- Finance (income) costs from financial derivative	(898) (341)	726	(257) (821)	2,197	3,083 396
Deferred tax, net	(1,914)	(1,008) ** 19	(485)	(1,432) ** 7	(353) ** 32
Share based compensation Changes in non-cash working capital Trade receivables, other receivables,	6	··· 19	3	1	32
prepayments and others Inventories	4,015 362	(1,121) 228	4,821 62	30 229	6,455 (65)
Real estate Inventory	(1,633)	864	(1,133)	679	340
Trade and other payables and credit balances	1,854	** (7,342)	3,000	** 807	** (4,031)
Income taxes payable	313	2,099	347	1,960	1,713
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities ** Reclassified.	(898)	* (1,348)	539	* 3,833	12,144
Investing activities					
Additions to investment properties	_	_	_	_	(4)
Release from (Investment in) restricted deposit	(2,949)	* 5,577	(3,271)	* 3,325	7,699
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(18,244)	(11,577)	(14,242)	(7,339)	(56,066)
Income taxes	_	(7,762)	_	(685)	(7,762)
Proceeds of loans given to purchasers					3,167
Net proceeds from sale of property, plant and Disposition of financial derivative	_	_	_	_	13 (4,568)
Cash used in investing activities	(21,193)	(13,762)	(17,513)	(4,699)	(57,521)
Financing activities	(21,100)	(10,102)	(17,010)	(1,000)	(01,021)
Bank credit and other short-term loans	1,602	1,812	196	1,812	3,539
Repayment of bonds	(2,039)	(1,904)	_	_	(3,897)
Proceeds from long term loans	33,117	123,763	32,806	121,429	132,063
Repayments of long term loans	(22,257)	(129,484)	(21,616)	(126,431)	(132,949)
Repurchase of shares		(433)		(433)	(433)
Contribution from non-controlling shareholders	5,984	379	4,786	379	4,169
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	16,407	(5,867)	16,172	(3,244)	2,492
Foreign exchange translation of cash balances	(127)	95	(118)	272	899
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(5,811)	(20,882)	(920)	(3,838)	(41,986)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	19,503	61,489	14,612	44,445	61,489
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	13,692	40,607	13,692	40,607	19,503

^{*} See note 2(d).

Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Mon	Year ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Supplemental cash flow information					
Interest paid	10,309	5,187	4,836	1,916	12,990
Interest received	931	922	347	412	2,815
Income taxes paid (received)	(445)	7,762	(447)	685	8,347
Significant non-cash investing and financing activity	ties				
Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities	_	_	_	_	1,447
Share capital and premium increase	321	_	_	_	_

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

1 - Nature of operations

(a) Nature of operations

Skyline Investments Inc. (the "Company", the "Group" or "Skyline") was incorporated on December 4, 1998 under the Ontario Business Corporations Act, and its registered office is located at 36 King Street East, Suite 700, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

Skyline is a Canadian company that specializes in hospitality real estate investments in the United States and Canada. The Company's normal operating cycle is twelve months, except for real estate development activities, which are in excess of twelve months and typically range between one to four years.

As at June 30, 2023, the Company is 52.75% owned by its controlling shareholder, Mishorim Real Estate Investments Ltd ("Mishorim") and 25.69% owned by The Israel Land Development Co. Ltd ("ILDC"). Both are public companies whose shares are traded on the Tel-Aviv Stock Exchange ("TASE").

The Company's shares and bonds trade on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (the "TASE"), and the Company is a reporting issuer in Canada.

(b) The Company's Financial Position

The Company has an upcoming maturity of its Debentures (Series B) in July 2024, in the amount of approximately \$50 million including the expansion of the Series that was completed in July 2023 (See Note 15(a) for details). The Company realistically needs to sell one or more assets in order to pay the Debentures (Series B) at maturity.

The company has negative working capital of \$11.4 million. The Company is in the process of renovating several of its hotels (the Cleveland Renaissance Hotel and four of its Courtyard by Marriott Hotels). Renovations are in progress and the Company is engaged with contractors. For their completion, the renovations require significant investment of cash in the upcoming year, while as at this date such investment is not yet fully funded. (See Note 15 (e) for updates on loan agreements related to the Cleveland Renaissance Hotel). It is noted that the Company is a guarantor under certain existing loan agreements and the related guarantor covenants set in under the guarantor agreements require the company to maintain liquidity of CA\$12.5 million.

The main sources of cash to meet obligations, according to company's plans are:

- 1) Sale of Bear Valley Ski Resort, valued at \$24.7 million as at June 30, 2023; with outstanding lease and Vendor Take Back loan liabilities of \$5.4 million. The Company is in negotiations with a potential buyer of the property that are not yet firm or binding. The company anticipates cash proceeds of \$10 million from the sale, net of discharging debts and approximate taxes, before the repayment date of the bonds. A portion of the sales proceeds are expected to be received after repayment of the Bonds and may be contingent on the Resort's future performance.
- 2) Sale of the Hyatt Regency Arcade, valued in the Company's books at \$71.7 million as at June 30, 2023; with outstanding debt of \$31.4 million (LTV of 44%) on the property. The Company is engaged with a broker for marketing the property.
- 3) Contractually scheduled Bridge loan and VTB repayments of principal and interest by Resort Communities Limited Partnership ("RCLP", the "Freed Transaction", the "Partnership"), of approximately \$10 million Bridge Loan repayments in December 2023 and \$15 million of from the VTBs in April 2024. In this regard, see Note 1(c) which outlines developments with Company's investment in RCLP and related uncertainties which might have an effect on collectability (in terms of timing or amounts) of such loans. While these contractual inflows represent one of the sources of bonds repayment, based on Management and Board of Directors analyses, the Company has other alternatives, such as selling additional assets that are not part of its strategy, or raising debt on unencumbered assets.

Based on analyses of Management and the Company's Board of Directors, the Company has several options for how it will pay the Debentures (Series B)debt when it is due in July 2024. Based on analyses of Management and the Company's Board of Directors, the Company will meet all of its financial obligations in the foreseeable future when they come due.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

(c) Update on Investment in Resort Communities Limited Partnership

The Company has an investment in Resort Communities Limited Partnership ("RCLP", the "Freed Transaction", "the Partnership"), and has provided loans to the Partnership as follows (See Notes 4 and 5 for further detail):

- Equity investment in the Partnership, \$32.7 million recorded in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements under other investments measured at fair value through profit or loss
- Vendor-take-back mortgages ("VTB") of \$62.7 million included under financial assets as loans to purchasers;
 including principal and accrued interest
- · Bridge Loan of \$9.5 million included in Other Receivables; including principal and accrued interest

The Company notes that following the reporting period, RCLP shared audited December 31, 2022 financial statements wherein the report of the external auditors, dated August 04, 2023, drew attention to material uncertainty around RCLP's ability to continue operating as a going concern. Attention was drawn to short-term debt obligations of the Partnership due in December 2023, and the breach of a loan agreement due to not making scheduled repayments during 2022, resulting in cross covenant violations on other loans. The Partnership financial statements further note that, subsequent to December 31 2022 year-end, the Partnership made payments to satisfy the scheduled repayments that were due in 2022. Further, the Partnership has been in discussions with their existing lender to extend or refinance their debt that is due in December 2023, but there is no certainty that these plans will come to fruition or be refinanced under similar terms as the existing debt.

The Company's Equity Investment is treated as a financial instrument measured at fair value through profit and loss. The Company engaged an external business valuator to calculate the fair value of the Company's Equity Investment in RCLP as at June 30, 2023, considering all information available at the reporting date. The independent expert determined the fair value to be \$32.7 million; a decrease of \$4.2 million compared to a fair value of \$36.9 million as at December 31, 2022, which was the date of the previous external fair value assessment. Fair value was based on applying the net asset value approach to RCLP's unaudited balance sheet as at June 30, 2023, adjusted for other considerations that an arms' length purchaser would apply, such as a discount to reflect the Company's position as a minority stakeholder in a limited partnership. The approach included analysis of the third-party valuation reports of RCLP's real estate and hospitality properties, which were all completed within the last 12 months, and support the fair value conclusion.

The VTB loans and Bridge Loan related to RCLP are debt instruments carried on the balance sheet at amortized cost under IFRS 9. The Company engaged the same independent business valuator to opine on the carrying value as well as fair value of the VTBs with the Partnership, and agrees with their conclusions. The Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") under IFRS 9 were determined by the independent expert to be \$5.2 million. The RCLP balance sheet is supported by independently prepared asset appraisals for the Partnership's assets as at December 31, 2022. These assets constitute the collateral for all the debt arrangements of the Partnership towards the Company. The fair value of the assets is well in excess of any liabilities, including any costs that may be incurred on disposition. This low loan to value ("LTV") combined with legal rights available to the Company both contractually and under Common Law in Ontario as second mortgagor (behind the senior lender as first mortgagor), support the position that even in the event of default, the Company would recover the value of its Exposure at Default ("EAD"), the carrying value of \$62.7 million at June 30, 2023. However, in the event of a default, there may be delays in the collection of contractual cash flows even if the full principal outstanding is eventually collected. This delay leads to the ECL conclusion of \$5.2 million against the VTBs, the corresponding provision for which was recorded under financial expenses in the Company's current period earnings. There was no ECL recorded on the Bridge Loan, and the Company expects to recover the full value of principal and accrued interest in December 2023. The Company has no expectation of loss in the event of default on the Bridge Loan due to the underlying additional security and contractually available remedies, as the Bridge Loan is secured by Freed's 71% interest in the Partnership. It is further noted that the equity in RCLP would have to be fully depleted before any discount may be applied to the debt holders.

To the best knowledge of the Company, the general partner who also holds approximately 71% in the Partnership's equity, Freed Corporation ("Freed") is working with one of the Partnership's current lenders, to refinance all short-term maturities.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

The Company has engaged in conversations wherein Freed has offered to purchase all or part of the Company's interests in the Partnership at a discount, which would potentially allow the Company to generate additional liquidity. There is no certainty that the parties will reach an agreement, and even if they will, the closing of such transaction(s) would occur only several months later.

Further, the company has been informed by Freed that Freed contributed \$9.1 million into RCLP during 2023. The company has not received formal detail of the form of this contribution, whether it will eventually be treated as equity or a loan from Freed, and as such cannot confirm whether its 29% equity interest the Partnership has been diluted or not. Such dilution would likely result in an approximate 2% reduction, leading to the Company holding a 27% equity interest in RCLP. All reporting as at June 30th 2023 is based on a 29% equity holding.

2 - Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The Company has prepared these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", and in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Chapter D of the Israeli Securities Regulations (Periodic and Immediate Reports), 1970. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on August 21, 2023.

(b) Significant estimates, assumptions, and judgements

For information regarding Management's significant assumptions and estimates, please refer to note 7.

			As at			
Foreign currency	June 3	30,	March	31,	December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022	
Exchange rates - ending rate:						
USD / CAD	1.324	1.289	1.353	1.250	1.354	
CAD / NIS	2.790	2.708	2.667	2.536	2.597	
	Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022	
Exchange rates - average rate:						
USD / CAD	1.348	1.272	1.343	1.277	1.301	
CAD / NIS	2.665	2.573	2.719	2.621	2.581	
Change in rate - compared to prior period ended:						
USD / CAD	(2.2%)	1.6%	(2.2%)	3.1%	6.8%	
CAD / NIS	7.4%	10.9%	4.6%	6.8%	6.3%	
	Exchange rates - ending rate: USD / CAD CAD / NIS Exchange rates - average rate: USD / CAD CAD / NIS Change in rate - compared to prior period ended: USD / CAD	2023	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022	Six Months Ended 1.348 1.272 1.343 CAD / NIS 2.665 2.573 2.719	June 30, March 31, Exchange rates - ending rate: USD / CAD CAD CAD (NIS) 1.324 1.289 1.353 1.250 1.353 2.667 2.536 Six Months Ended June 30, Three Months Ended June 30, Three Months Ended June 30, Three Months Ended June 30, 1.348 1.272 2.2023 2023 2022 2023 2022 2.277 2.377 2.277 2.377 2.2625 2.573 2.719 2.621 2.277 2.621 Change in rate - compared to prior period ended: USD / CAD 1.348 1.272 2.573 2.719 2.621 2.343 1.277 2.621 Change in rate - compared to prior period ended: USD / CAD (2.2%) 1.6% (2.2%) 3.1% 3.1%	

(d) Immaterial adjustment

The comparative figures as for the six and the three months ended on June 30, 2022, as presented in the current financial statements, include an immaterial adjustment due to reclassification of changes in restricted bank deposits from Operating activities to Investing activities:

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

Condensed interim consolidated statements of cash flows

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022					
	As reported in the past	Effect of the change	As currently reported			
Cash provided by operating activities Cash used in investing activities	179 (15,289)	(1,527) 1,527	(1,348) (13,762)			
	Three Mor	nths Ended Jun	e 30, 2022			
	As reported in the past	Effect of the change	As currently reported			
Cash provided by operating activities Cash used in investing activities	3,618 (4,484)	215 (215)	3,833 (4,699)			

3 - Seasonality and other disclosures

Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's hotels and resorts, revenues of some assets are typically higher in the winter months, whereas some are higher in the summer months, as a result of the nature of their operations. The operating expenses of these assets are evenly incurred throughout the year, with the exception of certain variable costs such as labor, food and beverage costs, and supplies, among others, which are typically higher during peak season. Please refer to Note 9 for details, noting the seasonality of ski revenue in particular.

4 - Freed Transaction

On December 6, 2021, Skyline closed agreements (the "Freed Transaction") for the sale of a 100% interest in the resort assets and surrounding development lands at Deerhurst and Horseshoe, as well as the remaining development lands at Blue Mountain Resort ("Blue Mountain") (collectively, the "Assets"), for an aggregate purchase price of \$210 million, subject to standard working capital adjustments on closing, to Freed Corporation ("Freed"). Freed, through a newly formed subsidiary, Resort Communities LP ("RCLP") combined the Assets with Muskoka Bay Resort ("Muskoka Bay"), an asset previously owned by Freed and its partners, at an agreed value of \$90 million. On closing in 2021, the Company recorded approximately \$104 million in net cash inflows from investing activities in its statement of cash flows, as well as the VTB, the Bridge Loan, and the Equity Investment (all as defined below).

The value of real estate assets sold to Resort LP on the closing date was as follows:

	Canadian hotels and		
	resorts	Development	Total
Real estate inventory	_	7,518	7,518
Investment properties		80,225	80,225
Property, plant and equipment	111,630		111,630
	111,630	87,743	199,373

Vendor Take Back Mortgage

As part of the Freed Transaction, Skyline provided a secured vendor-take back mortgage loan ("VTB") in the amount of \$59.98 million, bearing annual interest at 5%. Interest is accrued and paid monthly, with the exception of interest related to Deerhurst, which is accrued monthly and will be paid in early 2024 on the 28th month after closing in conjunction with the first scheduled principal repayment, and will be paid monthly thereafter. The principal portion of the VTB will be repaid over four years based on the following schedule:

- \$10 million due in April 2024;
- \$25 million in June 2025; and
- \$25 million in December 2025.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

The VTB is prepayable by RCLP at any time prior to maturity without penalty, and is secured by the underlying assets. As at June 30th 2023, the Freed Vendor-take-back mortgages ("VTB") have a gross balance of \$62.7 million including principal and accrued interest, and are included under financial assets as loans to purchasers. Expected credit losses of \$5.2 million were booked against this VTB receivable, with the provision for credit losses being recorded under financial expenses for the current period.

Bridge Loan

Skyline provided a two-year bridge loan (the "Bridge Loan") to RCLP in the amount of \$8 million, which has a guarantee from both Freed and Freed's RCLP holding entity (the 71% owner of RCLP) through a pledge of their interest in RCLP, which is accruing interest at 12% until it is repaid. The Bridge Loan is prepayable at any time prior to maturity without penalty. As at June 30th 2023, the Freed Bridge loan has a balance of \$9.5 million including principal and accrued interest, and is included under Other Receivables.

Equity Investment and Purchase Option

Skyline holds 29% of the Limited Partnership units in RCLP (the "Equity Investment"), with a fair value at inception of \$28.81 million, and certain protective rights laid out in the partnership agreement, including the right to approve certain decisions such as the issuance of additional equity, or issuance of debt above certain amounts. Freed or its affiliates operate and manage the RCLP assets as General Partner, in return for fees set out in the purchase and sale agreements.

Freed had an option until December 31, 2022, to purchase Skyline's Equity Investment for \$32.717 million along with a 12% annualized return on this amount in cash (the "Purchase Option"). On December 31, 2022, the option expired without being exercised. Skyline has a put option, and Freed has a call option, for 50% of Skyline's 29% equity, at the end of each of years four and five after the closing of the transaction (i.e., December 10, 2025 and December 10, 2026), based on fair market value at that time, based on a valuation mechanism set out in the agreements (up to 50% of the 29% at the end of year four and up to an additional 50% of the 29% at the end of year five).

The Company's Equity Investment is treated as a financial instrument measured at fair value through profit and loss, with fair value determined to be \$32.7 million; a decrease of \$4.2 million compared to a fair value of \$36.9 million as at December 31, 2022.

Please refer to Note 1(c) for further discussion around the Company's investment in the Partnership.

5 - Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

(a) The estimated fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments are as follows:

	Fair value as at			Carrying amount as at			
	June 30,		December 31,	June 30,		December 31,	
	2023	2022	2022	2023	2022	2022	
Financial assets							
Loans to purchasers	84,231	84,687	84,442	85,288	94,982	90,932	
Financial liabilities							
Bonds	43,213	47,103	46,418	44,726	47,299	47,664	
Loans payable	204,753	174,781	202,024	202,755	175,715	194,188	

(b) The fair value of financial assets includes loans to purchasers as vendor-take-back mortgages ("VTB"), including the VTBs as part of the Freed Transaction. Fair value has been determined by calculating the present value of the asset as at the reporting date, including considerations for changes in the counterparty risk of the underlying borrower. This analysis on the Freed VTBs was conducted by an independent business valuator engaged by the Company, based on the best information available to the Company as at the reporting date. The Company used consistent methodology to assess the fair value of its other VTB loans.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

- (c) The fair value of long-term financial liabilities have been determined by calculating their present values as at the reporting date, using effective market interest rates available to the Company. The carrying amount of these loans approximate their fair values. The carrying amount presented in the statement of financial position is net of financing costs.
- (d) The fair value of bonds is based on the quoted price on the TASE (in New Israeli Shekels) as at the balance sheet date, translated to CAD using a NIS/CAD quote per the Bank of Israel web site. The carrying amount presented in the statement of financial position is net of financing costs.
- (e) Fair value of other financial assets and liabilities: The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximate their carrying values. Amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are assumed to have a fair value that approximates their carrying values due to their short-term nature.
- (f) The deed of trust states that the Company is required to maintain minimum equity excluding non-controlling interests of \$130,000, and a minimum equity to asset value ratio (excluding minority interests) of 26%. As at June 30, 2022, the Company complies with these covenants per the deed of trust.

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,	
6 - Investment properties	2023	2022	2022	
Balance as at the beginning of the period	13,046	11,971	11,971	
Expenditures subsequent to acquisition	_	_	4	
Net gain from fair value adjustments	1,013	533	497	
Foreign exchange translation	(213)	138	574	
Balance as at the end of the period	13,846	12,642	13,046	
	Six Months Ended		Year Ended	
	June 30,		December 31,	
7 - Property, plant and equipment	2023	2022	2022	
Gross carrying amount as at beginning of period	482,210	390,249	390,249	
Accumulated depreciation as at beginning of period	(80,704)	(61,859)	(61,859)	
	401,506	328,390	328,390	
Acquisitions	_	_	16,281	
Expenditures subsequent to acquisition	18,244	11,577	39,785	
Net adjustment to fair value through revaluation surplus	(3,788)	19,323	5,487	
Transfers from other receivables and other payables *	15,851	_	_	
Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities			1,447	
Disposals	(3,964)	_	(16)	
Depreciation and impairment	(8,498)	(6,883)	(14,409)	
Foreign exchange translation	(9,093)	5,385	24,541	
Balance as at the end of the period	410,258	357,792	401,506	

Includes \$14.5 million related to expenditures subsequent to acquisition that have not yet been paid.

The revaluation method has been used for PP&E, with valuations for each hospitality asset classified as PP&E performed at least annually by qualified independent valuators who hold recognized relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the location and category of similar properties. The Company discusses the valuation process and verifies all major inputs to the valuations and reviews the results with the external appraisers for all independent valuations.

In the current reporting period, certain assets were revalued by independent appraisers. For assets where independent third-party valuation was not performed, the Company undertook specific actions to determine if there is any change in the value of its PP&E, including discussions with independent, third-party experts, referencing market transactions and any non-binding offers received on its hotels, and a review of updated internal forecasts. The Company applied the inputs mentioned above in a discounted cash flow analysis over ten years to determine if there is any required revaluation at the reporting date.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

The value of the Company's PP&E is primarily determined using the DCF method. As a result, PP&E are classified as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. Changes in level 3 fair values are analyzed at each reporting date as part of the discussion between the Company and its appraisers as well as during the review of internal cash flow forecasts.

Significant unobservable (level 3) inputs used in the DCF method as at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

- (a) Forecast of the operating profit of the property for a period of up to 10 years;
- (b) Specific terminal capitalization rate for each asset according to its condition, location and risks specific to the asset;
- (c) Required timing and amount of investment in the property improvement plans;
- (d) Estimations of the average occupancy as well as the average daily rate;
- (e) Other factors such as building rights, planning and legal status.

Discount rates used in applying the DCF method ranged between 8.50% and 12.75%, terminal capitalization rates ranged between 8.0% and 12.0%.

As at June 30, 2023, a 25-basis point ("bps") decrease in both the discount and terminal capitalization rates would increase the fair value of the Company's PP&E by \$6,196. As at June 30, 2023, a 25 bps increase in both the discount and terminal capitalization rates would decrease the estimated fair value of the Company's PP&E by \$7,070.

		_	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,
8 - Loans payable		-	2023	2022	2022
Balance as at the beginning of the period			194,188	176,555	176,555
Proceeds from long term loans			33,117	123,763	132,063
Repayments of long term loans			(22,257)	(129,484)	(132,949)
Change in bank credit and other short-term loans			1,602	1,812	3,539
Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities			(60)	_	1,447
Transfers to (from) other non-current assets and other			(422)	(17)	521
Amortization of deferred financing charges			1,065	365	944
Foreign exchange translation		-	(4,478)	2,721	12,068
Balance as at the end of the period		-	202,755	175,715	194,188
	Six Months	s Ended	Three Months Ended		Year Ended
9 - Income from hotels and resorts	June	30,	June 30,		December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
Room revenue	48,883	43,074	26,568	23,562	95,595
Food & beverage revenue	6,138	7,758	3,120	4,869	16,471
Ski revenue	8,709	7,826	1,252	699	10,299
Other hospitality revenue	3,117	4,191	1,430	1,696	9,765
, ,	66,847	62,849	32,370	30,826	132,130
	Six Months	s Ended	Three Months Ended		Year Ended
10 - Financial expense	June	30,	June 30,		December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
Interest on loans and leases	(8,006)	(4,168)	(3,373)	(2,189)	(11,517)
Interest on bonds	(1,421)	(1,402)	(714)	(749)	(2,915)
Foreign exchange revaluation of bonds gain (loss)	980	(668)	972	(1,448)	(2,863)
Amortization of deferred financing charges	(1,065)	(365)	(360)	(228)	(944)
Provision for credit losses	(5,231)	_	(5,231)	_	_
Bank charges	(163)	(184)	(77)	(101)	(344)
	(14,906)	(6,787)	(8,783)	(4,715)	(18,583)

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

11 - Income tax recovery (expenses)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
Current income tax recovery (expense)	166	(144)	171	(26)	(28)
Prior year income tax expense	(39)	(1,953)	(17)	(1,934)	(2,280)
Deferred income tax recovery (expense)	1,914	1,008	485	1,432	353
	2,041	(1,089)	639	(528)	(1,955)

12 - Significant events during the period

- (a) On February 8, 2023, with Board approval, the Company completed the donation of the Keewatin passenger ship to a local charity under a special Canadian federal government gifting program. The resulting donation will allow Skyline to receive donation receipt for an amount yet to be determined by a Canadian government authority, that will provide the company with a deferred tax benefit. The carrying value of the Keewatin, as at December 31, 2022, is approximatively \$3.9 million (\$2.2 million in Property, Plant and Equipment; 1.7 million in Other Receivables), the asset was fully derecognized as of March 31, 2023. As part of the donation, the company may have to provide up to \$1 million of cash donation on December 31, 2023 in accordance with the transaction terms (if there will be no other donor). As at June 30, 2023, the Company has accrued a contingent donation liability of \$1 million, based on the Company's best current estimate of amounts that may be donated in the absence of another donor.
- (b) On April 20, 2023, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a new loan agreement with a banking corporation in connection with the financing and renovation of the Hyatt Regency Arcade Hotel in Cleveland. The new loan is a CMBS (commercial mortgage-backed security) loan that replaces a previous loan that was extended until June 15, 2023 and the balance of which is approximately US\$ 15.8 million. The previous loan carried interest at BSBY plus 3.5% (i.e., an annual interest rate of approximately 8.44%), and for the extension period of approximately one month, an interest rate of BSBY plus 4.5% (i.e., an annual interest rate of approximately 9.44%). The new loan is in the amount of US\$ 25.0 million for a period of 5 years at the end of which the loan principal will be repaid, at a fixed interest rate of 7.99%. A total of US\$ 1.8 million of the new loan will be used to finance the Hotel's renovation, a total of US\$ 15.8 million was used to repay the previous loan, US\$ 2.3 million will be used for expenses of the transaction and tax and interest reserves related to the new loan, and the balance of approximately US\$ 5.1 million will be used by the Company for general working capital purposes. The loan is paid in monthly interest payments. The principal will be paid at the end of the loan term.

There are no defaulting financial covenants, and no cross-default provisions. The subsidiary needs to perform a quarterly assessment of debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR"), to be not be less than 1.40 to 1.00 – at closing based on the 12 months ending February 2023 the debt service coverage ratio was 1.75; violations of this financial obligation would result in the lender controlling the cash from the Hotel's operation to ensure all operating costs are paid including debt service until the ratio was back above 1.45 to 1.00. The DSCR based on the 12 months ending June 30, 2023 was 1.55.

- (c) As of March 30, 2023 a subsidiary of the company did not meet a debt service coverage ratio ("DSCR") loan covenant for a loan that finances the Renaissance Hotel. The Renaissance Hotel is under renovations, with approximately 50% of the rooms taken offline for all of 2023. The fair value of the property is US\$ 70 million. The total outstanding value of the loan as at June 30, 2023 is US \$20.1 million. The subsidiary has the contractual right to cure the breach by depositing approximately US\$ 2 million (of which 50% is payable by minority interests) into a restricted cash account with the lender. After the reporting period, the lender removed all DSCR covenant requirements from this loan until the third quarter of 2024 (See note 15(e) for more details about the amendment to the loan agreement signed on August 15, 2023).
- (d) On May 31, 2023, following discussions with the Debentures (Series B) Trustee, and pursuant to Section 5.4 of the Deed of Trust for the Debentures (Series B) of the Company dated September 24, 2017 (the "Deed of Trust"), the Company announced as follows: Based on the Company's reviewed financial statements as of March 31, 2023, published on May 14, 2023 (the "Deviation Date"), the Operating EBITDA (as defined in Section 1.5.31 of the Deed of Trust) for the last four quarters preceding the date of the last financial statements, was CA\$ 13.72 million.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

Pursuant to Section 5.4 of the Deed of Trust, if Operating EBITDA during the last four quarters preceding the review date falls below CA \$18.0 million, the stated interest rate will increase by 0.25% per year. The exact annual interest rate borne by principal of the Debentures for the current interest period, from January 16, 2023 and until the Deviation Date, is 5.65% (the "Original Interest"). The annual interest rate to be paid for the balance of the principal of the Debentures for the period commencing on the Deviation Date and ending on the next interest payment date (July 15, 2023) (the "upcoming interest payment date") is 5.9%. The weighted interest rate to be paid on the next interest payment date is 2.87%. The annual interest rate reflected by the weighted interest rate is 5.74%. The annual and semi-annual interest rates to be paid for the Debentures for the next periods (from and after July 16, 2023) will be 5.9% and 2.95%, respectively. As at June 30, 2023, the total unpaid principal balance of the bonds is CA\$ 43.9 million; the four-quarter trailing Operating EBITDA is \$13.72 million. The Company's also has a requirement to have Consolidated Equity (excluding minority interests) of not less than CA\$130 million, as at June 30, 2023, the balance is CA \$263 million and the Company is in compliance with this covenant.

(e) On June 5, 2023, the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company approved an amendment to the Compensation Policy of the Company and an update to the terms of office and employment of the Company's CEO. There was a reduction to the CEO's base salary, and bonus for the 2023 fiscal year will be based on Board approved sales and purchases of assets rather than operating results. The CEO is entitled to certain provisions for departure benefits available after March 31, 2024. The financial statements have appropriate accruals for any liabilities related to all employee compensation and benefits.

13 - Claims

- (a) In December 2019, the Company was served a claim from the Company's former President and Chairman for \$2,400 employment related issues. In addition, the company has been served with several smaller claims. As per the Company's legal advisors, at this stage it is not possible to estimate the Company's chances of success or the likely amount of recovery, if any.
- (b) The Company has been served with claims totaling \$1,700 in relation to certain construction projects. As per the Company's legal advisors, at this stage it is not possible to estimate the Company's chances of success or the likely amount of settlement, if any.

14 - Segmented information

(a) Hospitality segments

The chief operating decision maker reviews and analyzes the US hospitality operations as separate segment, which includes the Hyatt Regency Arcade and the Renaissance Hotels located in Cleveland, Ohio, the 14 Hotels branded Marriott Courtyard located in 10 different states and the Bear Valley Resort located in California. The Company continues to review potential acquisitions for Canadian properties that meet its investment criteria. while also considering sales of non-core assets including its seasonal resorts and full-service hotels.

Development segment

Management operates the development assets regardless of their accounting classification, as one operating segment. Therefore, the chief operating decision maker reviews and analyzes all land (both accounted for IAS 40 and IAS 2) under the development segment, together.

Business segments are classified as follows:

US hotels and resorts Acquisition, ownership and management of hotels and resorts in the US
Canadian hotels and resorts Acquisition, ownership and management of hotels and resorts in Canada
Development Acquisition, development and sale of real estate properties and lands

The chief operating decision maker reviews the results of other investments measured at FV through profit or loss on an aggregated basis.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

(b)	Segmented financial information:	US hotels and resorts	Canadian hotels and resorts	Development	Total
	For the six months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				
	Revenue	66,807	40	4	66,851
	Costs and expenses	(56,466)	(12)	(22)	(56,500)
	Administrative and general expenses Impairment of real estate properties Depreciation Loss from fair value adjustments Capital losses, net, and other gains (expenses), net Financial expense Financial income Net loss before income taxes	10,341	28	(18)	10,351 (4,416) (900) (7,598) (3,167) (3,140) (14,906) 2,379 (21,397)
	For the six months ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)				
	Revenue Costs and expenses	62,379 (49,321) 13,058	470 (32) 438	1,321 (1,414) (93)	64,170 (50,767) 13,403
	Selling and marketing expenses Administrative and general expenses Depreciation Loss from fair value adjustments Capital losses, net, and other gains (expenses), net Financial expense Financial income Net loss before income taxes	10,000	400	(30)	(78) (3,732) (6,883) (2,025) (394) (6,787) 2,498 (3,998)
	For the three months ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				
	Revenue Costs and expenses	32,350 (27,830)	20 		32,370 (27,840)
	Administrative and general expenses Depreciation Loss from fair value adjustments Capital losses, net, and other gains (expenses), net Financial expense Financial income Net loss before income taxes	4,520	20	(10)	4,530 (2,414) (3,767) (3,197) (510) (8,783) 1,180 (12,961)
	For the three months ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)				
	Revenue Costs and expenses	30,662 (25,536) 5,126	164 (5) 159	1,054 (1,097) (43)	31,880 (26,638) 5,242
	Selling and marketing expenses Administrative and general expenses Depreciation Loss from fair value adjustments Capital losses, net, and other gains (expenses), net Financial expense Financial income Net loss before income taxes				(53) (1,784) (3,441) (1,453) (269) (4,715) 1,234 (5,239)

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

	US hotels and resorts	Canadian hotels and resorts	Development	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2022 (Audited)				
Revenue Costs and expenses	130,204 (105,083) 25,121	1,926 488 2,414	1,570 (1,033) 537	133,700 (105,628) 28,072
Selling and marketing expenses Administrative and general expenses Depreciation Gain from fair value adjustments Gain from fair value adjustments of financial instruments Capital losses, net, and other gains (expenses), net Financial expense Financial income Net loss before income taxes				(80) (8,265) (14,409) 497 8,261 (526) (18,583) 4,963 (70)
		Canadian		
	US hotels	hotels and		
	and resorts	resorts*	Development	Total
As at June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				
Assets * Liabilities	451,178 (292,693)	94,479 (5,260)	61,102 (13,737)	606,759 (311,690)
Eldollidoo	158,485	89,219	47,365	295,069
As at June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	100,100	00,210	17,000	200,000
Assets *	400,979	101,296	79,281	581,556
Liabilities	(256,521)	(507)	(14,936)	(271,964)
	144,458	100,789	64,345	309,592
As at December 31, 2022 (Audited)				
Assets *	438,523	101,716	69,108	609,347
Liabilities	(274,628)	(4,269)	(14,484)	(293,381)
	163,895	97,447	54,624	315,966

^{*} Includes investment in Freed equity and loans, refer to Note 4 for further detail.

15 - Subsequent events

- (a) On July 11, 2023, Midroog Ltd. changed the rating outlook on the Company's Series B Bonds from "Stable" to "Negative". On July 16 2023, the Company completed a private bonds placement to institutional investors. The Company issued 29,600,000 bond units by extending the original debentures (Series B) at a determined interest rate of 7.39% (fixed) and raised 29,008,000 New Israeli Shekels (raise with a discount), net of fees (approximately CA\$ 10.4 million). The bonds issued are subject to the same covenants as the originally issued Series B and it will be repaid accordingly.
- (b) On July 25, 2023, the Company opened a US \$3 million line of credit with a banking corporation, secured directly by the Company's Courtyard Deerfield hotel, and guaranteed by the Company. The line may be drawn as needed, and is intended for general working capital purposes. The loan term is 24 months when funded, with an interest rate of Wall Street Journal Prime rate + 1.00% (as at June 30th, this would have been 8.25%+1.00% for a total rate of 9.25%), and a non-usage fee of 0.25% on the unadvanced portion of the line of credit, paid annually. The loan has a funded balance debt service covenant ratio ("DSCR") of 1.30:1, to be tested annually commencing as of December 31, 2023.

Notes to condensed interim consolidated financial statements

(in thousands of Canadian Dollars)

- (c) On August 4, 2023, the Company received audited financial statements of Resort Communities LP Partnership (the "Partnership") as of December 31, 2022, in which the Company holds a 29% limited partner interest together with Freed Corporation ("Freed") which holds 71% in the Partnership and also serves as the general partner, and in these reports the auditors included drawing attention to what is stated in the Note to the Partnership's financial statements regarding the existence of material uncertainty that may indicate significant doubt on the Partnership's ability to continue operating as a going concern. For additional information, see Notes 1(c) and 4.
- (d) The Company's Compensation Committee approved on August 11, 2023 a transaction to purchase D&O insurance policy, including officers who are the controlling shareholder and/or their relatives, for a period of one year commencing on August 14, 2023. The terms of the policy are as follows: insurance coverage in the amount of up to US \$20 million per case and for period; the annual premium amount paid by the Company is a total of approximately US \$244,000 including Tax as will be required; and the Company's deductible for claims filed against it in all the world will be US \$35,000, except claims filed against it in the US in which the deductible will be US \$75,000. The deductibles in claims against the Company anywhere in the world, regarding violation of securities laws (except in the USA) will be US \$100,000 and no coverage for USA. Officers will have no deductibles.
- (e) On August 15, 2023, an amendment was signed to the loan agreement for the renovation and upgrade of the Renaissance Hotel so that the amount of the renovation loan will be US \$27.37 million (US \$16.62 million original amount, and an additional US \$10.75 million) to be drawn as needed. The interest rate for the renovation loan will be an annual SOFR interest rate (which as of August 15, 2023, is 5.30%) plus 4.30%, which will be reduced to an additional 3.50% if the borrower meets a coverage ratio not less than 1.4%. Repayment for the existing loans remains unchanged, whereas the additional loan of US 10.75 million will commence amortization in November 2025 based on a 10-year period. The Company's subsidiary undertook to make a deposit of US 5 million as a debt servicing reserve, and USD 1.5 million as an operating expense reserve. The company owns half of the Renaissance Hotel and as such its 50% investment partner and Skyline each contributed 50% of these amounts. In addition, all previous Debt Service Coverage Ratio ("DSCR") requirements were deleted, to be replaced by new requirements, with the covenant test starting on September 30, 2024 for the two quarters ending September 30, 2024.